Guitarists will be happy: guitar tube amp simulators and FX pedals in a virtual pedal board, and more!

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Guitarists will be happy: guitar tube amp simulators and FX pedals in a virtual pedal board, and more!

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OUTLINE
In this demo, we propose to showcase what we’ve been developing recently: a versatile, fully functional, low-latency virtual guitar tube amp designer, able to emulate each stage of many famous tube guitar amps or to create your own personal Web Audio tube amp. We have also included a large set of FX pedals, newly created or adapted to work with the Web Audio API. Finally, we have also developed a pedal board host application that mimics a real guitarist pedal board, where one can assemble with a graph the amp simulators, the FX pedals or many other virtual instruments.

SOME DETAILS
In the two previous Web Audio conferences [1,2,3], we presented, with quite some success, two versions of our Web Audio implementation of a classic tube guitar amp, the Marshall JCM800. We detailed how its different stages had been recreated and let everybody around to play with it¹.

¹ The quality of the simulations was very positively evaluated, with low latency and robustness, up to the standard of the best native commercial competitors.

Here, we will detail first how we built on these previous works in order to generalize our approach towards any tube amp simulations. Instead of simply emulating a single guitar amp, we have now a versatile amp designer where one can select and tune the different parts that compose an amplifier: preamp, tonestack, power amp, speaker simulation, reverb, ... and then assemble those in different topologies, using filter banks between or inside these stages (Fig. 1). This modular tools make it possible to create specific amp designs targeted to get clean, crunch/bluesy, classic rock distortion, hi gain/metal sounds, etc. The final result can be a single specific amp or some multi channel amp with switchable designs² (ex: a clean and a crunch channel).

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² video available at https://youtu.be/-NdMdJQx2Bw
[7]: the pedal board is a host and the amps, as well as FX pedals and instruments are plugins. These plugins are identified by their unique URI and located on local or remote repositories. The host application, i.e. the pedal board, scans these repositories and gets the plugin metadata. Through the pedal board GUI, it is now possible to create plugin instances by drag and dropping thumbnails to the main pedal board area. When this occurs, the Plugin's code and assets are then loaded dynamically and a plugin instance is returned as a JavaScript object. Then, this object can be used to get the "audio processor part of the plugin" and connect it to the Web Audio graph, or to get the plugin GUI as a unique HTML container element.

We did the proof of concept that many plugins could be easily included from multiple origins: (1) written in pure JavaScript / Web Audio -we made a dozen of such plugins, including the guitar tube amp simulators, and ported some others created by other developers (such as a general midi synth, etc.), (2) WebAudioModules (VST/JUCE native plugins ported to WebAssembly/AudioWorklet) or (3) written in FAUST, a popular DSL for writing DSP code, here again ported to WebAssembly/AudioWorklet. Other sources / importers are planned (eg. MAX DSP/Pure Data). Most plugins are controllable using midi controllers. We will demonstrate how easy this scheme works

Figure 3: A typical benchmark/demo setup: a guitar, a low latency sound card, some speaker and a Web browser with our Web Audio apps running.

We finally also performed some blind tests of our framework with professional guitarists (Fig. 3). We asked them to play guitar in our Web Audio pedal board with amps and pedals and also on native simulations of similar amplifiers so as to benchmark our simulations and to provide feedback. The results proved that we are up to the level of native simulations in terms of low latency, sound quality, timbre, dynamics, and more generally of playing comfort. For example, our simulations were much better evaluated than those of GarageBand. The latency on Mac OS is quite low and comparable to the best native apps, and most important was not perceptible by the testers.

DEMO SETTINGS

For the demo we would need a big screen or TV, decent speakers and a low latency sound card.

A typical demo is: look for a song in our WASABI4 songs database, switch to the embedded multitrack player, mute the guitar track and open the pedalboard, build your preferred virtual guitar rig, plug your guitar, adjust the sound and play along with the other tracks, with no noticeable latency.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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REFERENCES


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3Some videos are available at [https://youtu.be/PYoD7n3g-Os](https://youtu.be/PYoD7n3g-Os) or [https://youtu.be/elbH8hBK8U](https://youtu.be/elbH8hBK8U) (for the pedal board and plugins)

4 [http://wasabihome.i3s.unice.fr](http://wasabihome.i3s.unice.fr)